	Background Information	Date: 15 th May 2022; review by 14 th May 2023 Name of Assessor: Matt Wayland
Describe the product and application	The Departmental Confocal Facility is used for the fluorescent in assessment applies to the normal operation of the 16 lasers con 6H87913), Leica SP5 Upright (S/N: 5100000515) and Leica SP5 microscopy systems. Please note that this risk assessment spect system in room T13E. Please see separate risk assessments for maintenance and alignment of the spinning disk/ablation system	naging of biological specimens. This risk inected to the Olympus FV3000 (S/N: 5 Inverted (S/N: 5100000889) confocal cifically excludes the spinning disk/ablation r (a) the normal operation and (b) the
Describe the Laser	The confocal facility consists of three confocal heads:	
	The Leica SP5 Upright confocal head is attached to four lasers: 1. Diode Laser (Coherent), Class 3B, continuous wave, < 60mW emitted wavelengths 405 nm; 2. Argon Ion Laser (Lasos), Class 3B, continuous wave, < 200m emitted wavelengths 458, 476, 488, 496 and 514 nm; 3. Diode-pumped solid state laser (Lasos), Class 3B, continuous at focal plane), emitted wavelength 561 nm; 4. Helium neon laser (Lasos), continuous wave, < 15 mW maxim wavelength 633 nm.	W maximum power (< 30 at focal plane), s wave, < 12 mW maximum power (< 4 mW
	 The Leica SP5 Inverted confocal head is attached to five lasers: 1. Diode Laser (Coherent), Class 3B, continuous wave, 60 mW r nm; 2. Argon Laser (Lasos), Class 3B, continuous wave, 200mW ma 476, 488, 496 and 514 nm; 3. Diode-pumped solid state laser (Lasos), Class 3B, continuous wavelengths 561 nm; 4. Helium-neon laser (Lasos), Class 3B, continuous wave, 2 mW nm; 5. Helium-neon laser (Lasos), Class 3B, continuous wave, 15 m 633 nm. 	maximum power, emitted wavelengths 405 aximum power, emitted wavelengths 458, s wave, 20 mW maximum power, emitted V maximum power, emitted wavelengths 594

	 The Olympus FV3000 confocal head is attached to seven lasers: 1. Near-violet diode laser (Coherent OBIS), class 3B, continuous wave, 50 mW maximum power,
	 emitted wavelength 405 nm; 2. Cyan diode laser (Coherent OBIS), class 3B, continuous wave, 75 mW maximum power, emitted wavelength 440 nm;
	 Blue diode laser (Coherent OBIS), class 3B, continuous wave, 20 mW maximum power, emitted wavelength 488 nm;
	 Yellow diode laser (Coherent OBIS), class 3B, continuous wave, 50 mW maximum power, emitted wavelength 515 nm;
	 Green/yellow diode laser (Coherent OBIS), class 3B, continuous wave, 20 mW maximum power, emitted wavelength 561 nm;
	 Orange diode laser (Coherent OBIS), class 3B, continuous wave, 20 mW maximum power, emitted wavelength 594 nm;
	 Red diode laser (Coherent OBIS), class 3B, continuous wave, 40 mW maximum power, emitted wavelength 640 nm.
Describe the Beam Delivery System	The laser beams are delivered by a closed fibre optic system to the confocal head. The laser light is merged in the laser merge unit then passed through an AOTF and into the optical system of the microscope.
Describe the Laser Process	Laser light is applied, through the microscope objective, to the sample. The laser beam scans the sample. Emitted fluorescent light, from appropriate dyes or proteins, is collected through the objective, and detected by PMTs.
Describe the Environment	The system is in a dedicated, purpose-refurbished room, T13 inner. Access to the room is controlled by swipe card. The room itself is enclosed and air conditioned. It contains four microscopes, three confocal apparatus, 10 lasers, two PCs and miscellaneous small equipment.
Who uses the product or could affect its operation?	Authorised users (see appendix A for list of authorised users), maintenance staff (see appendix B for list of maintenance staff), service engineers.
Underline the part(s) of the life cycle of interest	Planning, Design, Manufacture, Testing, Transport, Installation, Commissioning, <u>Normal Operation,</u> <u>Maintenance, Servicing,</u> Modification, Decommissioning, Disposal

Assessment Number: Assessed by: Matt Wayland	Assessment Da Review Date: 1	ate: 15 th May 2022 4th May 2023			ssessed: Confocal Facility 13, Main Zoology Building			
STEP 1	STEP 2		STEP 3					
List significant hazards	List groups of people who are at risk	List existing controls	Are these controls OK?	What is the risk factor from these hazards?	Actions Required (See over)			
The Laser: Electric shock from high voltage power supply	All	Lasers are fully contained in cabinets. Only qualified service personnel are permitted to open these boxes. Instructions to this effect are contained in the local rules and are part of pre-use training required for authorisation.	Yes	Low				
Cooling system		The laser cabinet for the Argon lon laser is actively ventilated. Integrity of the system is checked by users. System is serviced regularly on contract.	Yes	Low				
Explosion of mercury arc lamp		Lamp is changed regularly after 200 hours by Matt Wayland. Transformer of lamp and lamp housing is designed to contain, explosion. Room is actively vented to the outside and vent is at a safe distance (>6m) from other air inlets. In the event of lamp explosion the room is to be evacuated and sealed off immediately. Inform the Departmental Chemical Safety Officer to initiate decontamination. See also Local Rules for details.	Yes	Low				
		All optical guides and other						

Assessment Number:	Assessment Da	ate: 15 th May 2022			ssessed: Confocal Facility
Assessed by: Matt Wayland	Review Date: 1 STEP 2	4th May 2023	STE		13, Main Zoology Building
STEP 1 List significant hazards	List groups of	List existing controls	Are these	What is the risk	Actions Required
List significant nazaros	people who are at risk		controls OK?	factor from these hazards?	(See over)
Equipment interconnections — trip hazard and possible damage to equipment (e.g., fibre breakage).		equipment interconnections are kept out of the way.			
Beam Delivery:				 	
Exposure to laser radiation, Class 3B, UV-A and visible wavelengths. UV-A — short term: burns to skin — long term: premature cataracts in lens of eye. Associated with malignant melanoma in skin Visible — retinal hazard	All	 Laser beam delivery: Optical fibres: encased in flexible metal coverings throughout and attached by screws on fixings at all points. They are routed behind the equipment. Only qualified service personnel are permitted to disconnect this equipment. Microscope optics: Beam contained, interlocked to prevent viewing laser through microscope optics. Open beam (in air, water or immersion oil) from objective front lens to sample: < 5 mm, divergent when objectives in place. User instructed not to insert reflective material into beam path. User must not change (i.e., take off or fit) objectives. 	Yes	Low	

Assessment Number:		ate: 15 th May 2022			ssessed: Confocal Facility
Assessed by: Matt Wayland STEP 1	Review Date: 1 STEP 2	4th May 2023	STEI		13, Main Zoology Building
List significant hazards	List groups of people who are at risk	List existing controls	Are these controls OK?	What is the risk factor from these hazards?	Actions Required (See over)
		Users may not alter the UV light source. Exposure is limited at the sample. Users are advised to 1. block the UV light source using the manual shutter slider 2. have one of the UV filters in the light path when changing samples. Avoid exposure to UV as much as possible.	Yes	Low	
		Instructions contained in the local rules and are part of pre- use training required for authorisation.	Yes	Low	
	Maintenance staff	Maintenance staff trained by service personnel on how to maintain equipment safety. Attended laser safety course.	Yes	Low	
The Laser Process:					
Reflections of laser radiation from sample and metalwork during scanning operation.	Users	Light intensity at the process site is reduced. Extra protection by a light shield is given on the Leica inverted microscope.	Yes	Low	
		User training and the local rules emphasise shutting off of			

Assessment Number:	Assessment Date: 15 th May 2022 Review Date: 14th May 2023			Activity/Facility Assessed: Confocal Facility Location: Room T13, Main Zoology Building			
Assessed by: Matt Wayland STEP 1	STEP 2	401 May 2023	ete	STEP 3			
List significant hazards	List groups of people who are at risk	List existing controls	Are these controls OK?	What is the risk factor from these hazards?	Actions Required (See over)		
Chemical hazards from samples Biological hazards from samples	Users	 lasers for changing samples and avoiding reflections of laser light from samples. Users are not permitted to change (i.e., take off or fit) the objective lenses. On the inverted microscope, an interlocking switch prevents laser illumination when the condenser stand is tilted back. Only microscope oil and ethanol are used. Exposure to the former is controlled by wearing gloves. Refer to individual biological risk assessment 	Yes	Low			
Contamination	All	Ditto					
Environment & People:							
Risk of tripping or inadvertent damage to system due to overcrowding.	Users	Each microscopy room is equipped and intended for a maximum of 5 people in normal circumstances, as explained during training. Maximum occupancy of rooms is reduced to one during COVID pandemic.	Yes	Low			
Use by inadequately trained users	Users	All optical guides are behind and under a bench.	Yes	Low			

Assessment Number:		te: 15 th May 2022			ssessed: Confocal Facility		
Assessed by: Matt Wayland	Review Date: 1	4th May 2023	075	Location: Room T13, Main Zoology Building STEP 3			
STEP 1	STEP 2	List svisting controls			Actions Deguined		
List significant hazards	List groups of people who are at risk	List existing controls	Are these controls OK?	What is the risk factor from these hazards?	Actions Required (See over)		
Prolonged use of equipment can result in eye strain and ergonomical hazards (e.g., RSI, back problems)	Users	All users must be authorised; before this can occur they must have received proper training. They must also sign a declaration that they have read the local rules.	Yes	Low			
		Ambient lighting kept as low as possible, restrict length of time using equipment, workstations designed for ease of use and fully adjustable chairs provided.					
Exposure to COVID-19: Everyone is at risk of infection from asymptomatic carriers. Transmission occurs through respiratory droplets produced when a person with the infection coughs, sneezes, or talks. A person may also contract COVID-19 by touching a surface that has contaminated droplets on it, then touching their mouth, nose, or eyes.	All	 Facility Access and Booking Only trained, authorized users may operate a microscope. Swipe-card access is restricted accordingly and users must not let others into the facility. A microscope or image analysis workstation must be booked on PPMS in advance of a session. Users must only work within booked sessions and should not walk in to see if a microscope or image analysis workstation is free. 	Yes	Low			

			STEP 3				
Assessment Number: Assessed by: Matt Wayland STEP 1 List significant hazards	Assessment Da	List existing controls for a user free time slot of 15 minutes between sessions. Users must knock on the door of a microscope room and wait for a reasonable time for a response before entering. Only one user is permitted to use a microscope per session. No more than one person at any one time in any of the confocal microscopy rooms. A maximum of two	STE Are these controls OK?	Location: Room T	Actions Required (See over)		

Assessment Number:		ate: 15 th May 2022		Activity/Facility Assessed: Confocal Facility Location: Room T13, Main Zoology Building			
Assessed by: Matt Wayland STEP 1	STEP 2	401 May 2023	STE		13, Main 20010gy Building		
List significant hazards	List groups of people who are at risk	List existing controls	Are these controls OK?	What is the risk factor from these hazards?	Actions Required (See over)		
		 Training and technical support New users will not be trained during the initial restart phase. However, methods of training new users will be investigated during this time. Technical support will be provided remotely. Contact Matt Wayland by phone (07733 268757) or e-mail (mw283@cam.ac.uk). PPE Users should wash hands and put on gloves immediately upon entering the imaging facility. Glove removal should be the last step before exiting the facility. Users should not touch bare surfaces without gloves; that includes door handles, microscope parts, computers and peripheral devices. If gloves come into 					

Assessment Number:		ate: 15 th May 2022		Activity/Facility Assessed: Confocal Facility					
Assessed by: Matt Wayland	y: Matt Wayland Review Date: 14th May 2023 STEP 1 STEP 2				Location: Room T13, Main Zoology Building STEP 3				
		List evicting controls	Are these	What is the risk	Actions Deguired				
List significant hazards	List groups of people who are at risk	List existing controls	controls OK?	factor from these hazards?	Actions Required (See over)				
		 contact with immersion oil, they should be cleaned using 70% ethanol. Gloves must be disposed of after use in bins and must never be reused. 							
		Equipment • Users should cover keyboard, mouse, eyepieces and other touchable surfaces with protective plastic wrap before starting their microscopy session and remove and dispose of the wrap at the end of their session. Users may wear safety glasses as an							
		 alternative to covering the eyepieces with plastic wrap. Exposed surfaces that have been touched and are not covered in wrap must be cleaned/ disinfected at the end of the session by wiping with 70% ethanol. Do not use 							

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STEP 1	STEP 2		STEI	5 3	
List significant hazards	List groups of people who are at risk	List existing controls	Are these controls OK?	What is the risk factor from these hazards?	Actions Required (See over)
		spray bottles to avoid creating explosive aerosols.			

Persons at risk				Risk	Life Cycle			Other	
Staff	S	Public	Р	High	Set-up		Service		
Contractor	C	Other	0	Medium	Normal Operation		Other		
Visitor	V			Low	Maintenance				